# Safety Data Sheet ULTRALITE S1 FLEX (N) WHITE

Safety Data Sheet dated: 14/03/2023 - version 4 Date of first edition: 25/02/2021



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## Section 1: Identification

**GHS Product identifier** 

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ULTRALITE S1 FLEX (N) WHITE Trade code: 9024298

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: no data available

Uses advised against: no data available

#### Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 4.30pm)

F. +61 7 32765076

Responsable: sales@mapei.com.au

### **Emergency phone number**

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26 Police or Fire Brigade 000

## Section 2: Hazard(s) identification



### **Classification of the Hazardous chemical**

Skin irritation, Category 2Causes skin irritation.Serious eye damage, Category 1Causes serious eye damage.Skin Sensitisation, Category 1BMay cause an allergic skin reaction.Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3May cause respiratory irritation.Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Pictograms and Signal Words** 



### Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Precautionary statements**

-							
P261	Avoid breathi	Avoid breathing dust.					
P264	Wash hands t	Vash hands thoroughly after handling.					
P271	Use only outo	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.					
P280	Wear protect	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.					
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.					
P304+P340	IF INHALED:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.					
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.						
P312	Call a POISO	Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.					
P321	Specific treat	Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)					
P333+P313	If skin irritati	on or rash occurs: Get	t medical advice/attention.				
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P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

#### Substances

no data available

## Mixtures

Mixture identification: ULTRALITE S1 FLEX (N) WHITE

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥50 - <75 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
≥25 - <50 %	calcium carbonate	CAS:1317-65-3 EC:215-279-6		
≥1 - <2.5 %	calcium diformate	CAS:544-17-2 EC:208-863-7	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
≥0.1 - <0.25 %	Calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9		Exempted
≥0.0015 - <0.005 %	free crystalline silica (Ø >10 $\mu)$	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4		

## Section 4: First-aid measures

## Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

## In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

#### Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

### Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

## Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular. Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: no data available

Oxidizing properties: no data available

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

### HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

N.A.

### Section 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

## **Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand Scoop into containers and seal for disposal. Wash with plenty of water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

### Section 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

## Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupa	tional Exposure Limit		
portland cement, Cr(VI) < ppm CAS: 65997-15-1	2 AUS		Long Te 10 mg/i	erm: 10 mg/m3 m3 PEL		
	OSHA		Long Te	rm: 15 mg/m3		
	OSHA		Long Te	rm: 5 mg/m3		
	ACGIH		A4 - No	rm: 1 mg/m3 t Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulr ms;asthma	nonary function;resp	piratory
	ACGIH	AUSTRALIA	Long Te	erm: 1 mg/m3		
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A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma

AUS	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 PEL
National	BELGIUM	Long Term: 1 mg/m3
National	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3
National	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3
National	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
National	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 FINLAND, respirabel fraktion
National	FINLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
National	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 inhalable dust
National	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
National	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3
National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 1 mg/m3
National	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	SPAIN	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
National	SPAIN	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 inhalable dust
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 respirable dust
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 12 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
OSHA		Long Term: 15 mg/m3
OSHA		Long Term: 5 mg/m3
National	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
National	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	ESTONIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
National	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 12 mg/m3

calcium carbonate CAS: 1317-65-3

	National UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
	National BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
	National CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	AUS AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National PORTUGAL	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 $\mu$ ) CAS: 14808-60-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3 A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	National AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
	National BELGIUM	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National BULGARIA	Long Term: 0,07 mg/m3
	National CROATIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National CZECH REPUBLIC	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National DENMARK	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3 DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol
	National DENMARK	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 DENMARK, respirable aerosol respirable aerosol
	National DENMARK	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3
	National DENMARK	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National ESTONIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National FINLAND	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
	National FRANCE	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National HUNGARY	Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3
	National LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National NORWAY	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3 Totalstøv (total dust); K: Kjemikalier som skal betraktes som kreftfremkallende. (K: Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.)
	ACGIH	Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3 (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	National PORTUGAL	Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3
	National ROMANIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3; Short Term: 0,5 mg/m3
	National SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National SPAIN	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
	National SWEDEN	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3 A
Predicted No Effect Conce	ntration (PNEC) value	25

Calcium carbonate Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l CAS: 471-34-1

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 6,36 mg/m3; Consumer: 1,06 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6,1 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral: Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

#### Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

#### Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid Appearance: powder Color: white Odour: cement like pH: no data available pH (water dispersion, 10%): 12.00 Melting point / freezing point: no data available Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) no data available Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limits: no data available Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: no data available Solubility in water: no data available Solubility in oil: insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available Kinematic viscosity: no data available VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 3 (Rule 1168) g/l

### **Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: no data available Particle size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Specific surface area: no data available

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity Reactivity Stable under normal conditions

Stable under normal condition

### Chemical stability no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### **Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

## Hazardous decomposition products

## Section 11: Toxicological information Information on toxicological effects

### **Toxicological Information of the Preparation**

ogical information of the Frepar	
a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin irritation, Category 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Serious eye damage, Category 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category $3(H335)$
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

calcium carbonate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
calcium diformate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 2650 mg/kg
Calcium carbonate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 3 mg/l
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Rat = 1000 mg/kg
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin > 2000 mg/kg

## Section 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

## List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

	cai propor		oneneo					
Component		Ident. Numb.	Ecotox	Data				
calcium carbonate		CAS: 1317-65-3 - EINECS: 215- 279-6	a) Aqua	tic acute toxicity :	LC50 Fish > 10000 mg/L	96		
			a) Aqua	tic acute toxicity :	EC50 Daphnia > 1000 mg	J/L 48		
			a) Aqua	tic acute toxicity :	EC50 Algae > 200 mg/L 7	2		
calcium diformate		CAS: 544-17-2 - EINECS: 208-	a) Aqua IUCLID	tic acute toxicity :	LC50 Fish Brachydanio re	rio >= 1000 mg/L	. 96h	
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CAS: 471-34-1 - c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Bacteria = 1000 mg/L 3 EINECS: 207-439-9

> d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 > 1000 mg/kg d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 28 d e) Plant toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 21 d

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

#### Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

no data available

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

#### Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

#### Section 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

#### UN number

no data available

**UN proper shipping name** 

no data available

## Transport hazard class(es)

no data available

#### Packing group, if applicable

no data available

#### **Environmental hazards**

no data available

## Special precautions for user

ADG-Subsidiary hazards no data available

ADG-S.P.: no data available

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

no data available

Air (IATA):

no data available

Sea (IMDG):

no data available

## Additional Information

no data available

no data available

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### Section 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals. AICIS: all components are listed

## Section 16: Any other relevant information . . .

Code	Description	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Evo Dom 1	Carious ave damage. Category 1
5.5/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
	H315 H317 H318 H335 <b>Code</b> 3.2/2	<ul> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Code Hazard class and hazard category</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2</li> </ul>

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

**BEI:** Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMFL · Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

**DPD:** Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: KAFH KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

## Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION